# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

February 2, 2012

## GARTNER, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 1-14443 04-3099750

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

(Commission File Number)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

P.O. Box 10212
56 Top Gallant Road
Stamford, CT 06902-7747
(Address of Principal Executive Offices, including Zip Code)

(203) 316-1111

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### ITEM 2.02. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

On February 7, 2012, Gartner, Inc. (the "Company") announced financial results for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2011. A copy of the Company's press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information in this Item 2.02 and in Exhibit 99.1 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

#### ITEM 5.02. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

On February 2, 2012, the Company's board of directors appointed Raul E. Cesan as a director. Since 2001, Mr. Cesan, 64, has been the Founder and Managing Partner of Commercial Worldwide LLC, an investment firm. Prior thereto, he spent 25 years at Schering – Plough Corporation, serving in various capacities of increasing executive responsibility, including most recently as: the President and Chief Operating Officer (from 1998 to 2001); Executive Vice President of Schering-Plough Corporation and President of Schering-Plough Pharmaceuticals (from 1994 – 1998); President of Schering Laboratories, U.S. Pharmaceutical Operations (from 1992 to 1994); and President of Schering – Plough International (from 1988 to 1992). Mr. Cesan is also a director of The New York Times Company.

#### ITEM 5.03. AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OR BYLAWS.

On February 2, 2012, the Company's board of directors approved amendments to the bylaws of the Company which (i) incorporate a majority vote standard for the election of directors and (ii) clarify the procedures for advance notice of stockholder proposals.

The amended bylaws require that, in an uncontested election, a director must receive more "for" votes than "against" votes in order to be elected. Any director who is not elected must offer to tender his or her resignation to the board. The Governance/Nominating Committee of the board will make a recommendation to the full board on whether to accept or reject the resignation. The board will consider and act on the Governance/Nominating Committee's recommendation and publicly disclose its decision and the rationale behind it within 90 days from the date of the certification of the election results. The plurality standard continues to apply in contested elections.

The amendments related to the advance notice of stockholder business and director nominations modify the existing advance notice requirements in the bylaws and clarify the requirements for a stockholder's notice to be in proper form, require additional disclosure regarding stockholder director nominees, require derivative securities and other economic interests be disclosed in any proposal for stockholder business or director nomination, require disclosure of information about any parties that are affiliated with the party making a proposal for stockholder business or

director nominations and distinguish between proposals that are to be included in the Company's proxy statement and proposals made under the bylaws.

A copy of the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Gartner, Inc. is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.1.

### ITEM 9.01 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

### (d) Exhibits

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
3.1	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Gartner, Inc. dated February 2, 2012
99.1	Press Release issued February 7, 2012 with respect to financial results for Gartner, Inc. for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2011.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Gartner, Inc.

Date: February 7, 2012

By: /s/ Christopher J. Lafond

Christopher J. Lafond Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

## EXHIBIT INDEX

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BY-LAWS
OF
GARTNER, INC.
A Delaware Corporation
(as amended through February 2, 2012)

#### ARTICLE I OFFICES

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Registered Office</u>. The registered office of the corporation in the State of Delaware shall be located in the City of Dover, County of Kent at such location as the Board of Directors may determine from time to time.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Other Offices</u>. The corporation may also have offices at such other places, both within and without the state of Delaware, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the corporation may require.

## ARTICLE II MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Place and Time of Meetings</u>. An annual meeting of the stockholders shall be held each year at such place as shall be determined by the Board of Directors, for the purpose of electing directors and, conducting such other proper business as may come before the meeting. The date, time and place of the annual meeting shall be determined by the Board.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special meetings of stockholders may be called for any purpose and may be held at such time and place, within or without the State of Delaware, as shall be stated in a notice of meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof. Such meetings may be called at any time by the Board of Directors or the president. No business may be transacted at any special meeting otherwise than as specified in the notice to stockholders of such meeting.

<u>Section 3</u>. <u>Place of Meetings</u>. The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of Delaware, as the place of meeting for any annual meeting or for any special meeting called by the Board of Directors. If no designation is made, or if a special meeting be otherwise called, the place of meeting shall be the principal executive office of the corporation.

Section 4. Notice. Whenever stockholders are required or permitted to take action at a meeting, written or printed notice stating the place, date, time, and, in the case of special meetings, the purpose or purposes, of such meeting, shall be given to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of the meeting. All such notices shall be delivered, either personally or by mail, by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or the secretary, and if mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the stockholder at his, her or its address as the same appears on the records of the corporation. Attendance of a person at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the person attends for the express

purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

Section 5. Stockholders List. The officer having charge of the stock ledger of the corporation shall make, at least 10 days before every meeting of the stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at such meeting arranged in alphabetical order, showing the address of each stockholder and the class and number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least 10 days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

Section 6. Quorum. The holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of capital stock, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the stockholders, except as otherwise provided by statute or by the certificate of incorporation. If a quorum is not present, the holders of a majority of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, and entitled to vote at the meeting, may adjourn the meeting to another time and/or place.

<u>Section 7</u>. <u>Adjourned Meetings</u>. When a meeting is adjourned to another time and place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. At the adjourned meeting the corporation may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than thirty days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

<u>Section 8</u>. <u>Vote Required</u>. When a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the majority of shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the subject matter shall be the act of the stockholders, unless the question is one upon which by express provisions of an applicable law, of the certificate of incorporation or of these bylaws a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question. Where a separate vote by class is required, the affirmative vote of the majority of shares of such class present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting shall be the act of such class.

Section 9. Voting Rights. Except as otherwise provided by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or by the certificate of incorporation of the corporation or any amendments thereto and subject to Section 3 of Article VI hereof, every stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for each share of common stock held by such stockholder. The holders of preferred stock will be entitled to vote as provided by law and by the corporation's certificate of incorporation or any amendments thereto.

<u>Section 10</u>. <u>Proxies</u>. Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders or to express consent or dissent to corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for him or her by proxy, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after

three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. A duly executed proxy shall be irrevocable if it states that it is irrevocable and if, and only as long as, it is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power. A proxy may be made irrevocable regardless of whether the interest with which it is coupled is an interest in the stock itself or an interest in the corporation generally. Any proxy is suspended when the person executing the proxy is present at a meeting of stockholders and elects to vote, except that when such proxy is coupled with an interest and the fact of the interest appears on the face of the proxy, the agent named in the proxy shall have all voting and other rights referred to in the proxy, notwithstanding the presence of the person executing the proxy. At each meeting of the stockholders, and before any voting commences, all proxies filed at or before the meeting shall be submitted to and examined by the secretary or a person designated by the secretary, and no shares may be represented or voted under a proxy that has been found to be invalid or irregular.

Section 11. Action by Written Consent. Unless otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation, any action required to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the corporation, or any action which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of such stockholders, may be taken without a meeting without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken and bearing the dates of signatures of the stockholders who signed the consent or consents, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted and shall be delivered to the corporation by delivery to its registered office in the state of Delaware, or the corporation's principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book or books in which proceedings of meetings of the stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to the corporation's registered office shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. All consents properly delivered in accordance with this section shall be deemed to be recorded when so delivered. No written consent shall be effective to take the corporate action referred to therein unless, within sixty (60) days of the earliest dated consent delivered to the corporation as required by this section, written consents signed by the holders of a sufficient number of shares to take such corporate action are so recorded. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing. Any action taken pursuant to such written consents of the stockholders shall have the same force and effect as if taken by the stockholders at a meeting thereof.

### Section 12. Nominations and Proposals; Advance Notice.

(a) Advance Notice of Stockholder Business. At an annual meeting of the stockholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before an annual meeting, business must be brought: (A) pursuant to the corporation's proxy materials with respect to such meeting, (B) by or at the direction of the Board, or (C) by a stockholder of the corporation who (1) is a stockholder of record at the time of the giving of the notice required by this Section 12(a) and on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the annual meeting and (2) has timely complied in proper written form with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 12(a). In addition, for business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder, such business must be a proper matter for stockholder action pursuant to these bylaws and applicable law. For the avoidance of doubt,

clause (C) above shall be the exclusive means for a stockholder to bring business before an annual meeting of stockholders.

(i) To comply with clause (C) of Section 12(a) above, a stockholder's notice must set forth all information required under this Section 12(a) and must be timely received by the secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be received by the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not less than 90 days prior to the meeting; provided, however, that in the event that less than 100 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the tenth day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made.

(ii) To be in proper written form, a stockholder's notice to the secretary must set forth as to each matter of business the stockholder intends to bring before the annual meeting: (1) a brief description of the business intended to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting, (2) the name and address, as they appear on the corporation's books, of the stockholder proposing such business and any Stockholder Associated Person (as defined below), (3) the class and number of shares of the corporation that are held of record or are beneficially owned by the stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person and any derivative positions held or beneficially held by the stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person, (4) whether and the extent to which any hedging or other transaction or series of transactions has been entered into by or on behalf of such stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person with respect to any securities of the corporation, and a description of any other agreement, arrangement or understanding (including any short position or any borrowing or lending of shares), the effect or intent of which is to mitigate loss to, or to manage the risk or benefit from share price changes for, or to increase or decrease the voting power of, such stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person with respect to any securities of the corporation, (5) any material interest of the stockholder or a Stockholder Associated Person in such business, and (6) a statement whether either such stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person will deliver a proxy statement and form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the corporation's voting shares required under applicable law to carry the proposal (such information provided and statements made as required by clauses (1) through (6), a "Business Solicitation Statement"). In addition, to be in proper written form, a stockholder's notice to the secretary must be supplemented not later than ten days following the record date to disclose the information contained in clauses (3) and (4) above as of the record date. For purposes of this Section 12, a "Stockholder Associated Person" of any stockholder shall mean (i) any person controlling, directly or indirectly, or acting in concert with, such stockholder, (ii) any beneficial owner of shares of stock of the corporation owned of record or beneficially by such stockholder and on whose behalf the proposal or nomination, as the case may be, is being made, or (iii) any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such person referred to in the preceding clauses (i) and (ii).

(iii) Without exception, no business shall be conducted at any annual meeting except in accordance with the provisions set forth in this <u>Section 12(a)</u> and, if applicable, <u>Section 12(b)</u>. In addition, business proposed to be brought by a stockholder may not be brought before the annual meeting if such stockholder or a Stockholder Associated Person, as applicable, takes action contrary to the representations made in the Business Solicitation Statement applicable to such business or if the Business Solicitation Statement applicable to such business contains an untrue

statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading. The chairperson of the annual meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare at the annual meeting that business was not properly brought before the annual meeting and in accordance with the provisions of this <u>Section 12(a)</u>, and, if the chairperson should so determine, he or she shall so declare at the annual meeting that any such business not properly brought before the annual meeting shall not be conducted.

- (b) Advance Notice of Director Nominations at Annual Meetings. Notwithstanding anything in these bylaws to the contrary, only persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 12(b) shall be eligible for election or re-election as directors at an annual meeting of stockholders. Nominations of persons for election to the Board of the corporation shall be made at an annual meeting of stockholders only (A) by or at the direction of the Board or (B) by a stockholder of the corporation who (1) was a stockholder of record at the time of the giving of the notice required by this Section 12(b) and on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the annual meeting and (2) has complied with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 12(b). In addition to any other applicable requirements, for a nomination to be made by a stockholder, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in proper written form to the secretary of the corporation.
- (i) To comply with clause (B) of  $\underline{\text{Section } 12(\underline{b})}$  above, a nomination to be made by a stockholder must set forth all information required under this  $\underline{\text{Section } 12(\underline{b})}$  and must be received by the secretary of the corporation at the principal executive offices of the corporation at the time set forth in, and in accordance with,  $\underline{\text{Section } 12(\underline{a})(\underline{i})}$  above.
  - (ii) To be in proper written form, such stockholder's notice to the secretary must set forth:
- (1) as to each person (a "nominee") whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director: (A) the name, age, business address and residence address of the nominee, (B) the principal occupation or employment of the nominee, (C) the class and number of shares of the corporation that are held of record or are beneficially owned by the nominee and any derivative positions held or beneficially held by the nominee, (D) whether and the extent to which any hedging or other transaction or series of transactions has been entered into by or on behalf of the nominee with respect to any securities of the corporation, and a description of any other agreement, arrangement or understanding (including any short position or any borrowing or lending of shares), the effect or intent of which is to mitigate loss to, or to manage the risk or benefit of share price changes for, or to increase or decrease the voting power of the nominee, (E) a description of all arrangements or understandings between the stockholder and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nominations are to be made by the stockholder, (F) a written statement executed by the nominee acknowledging that as a director of the corporation, the nominee will owe a fiduciary duty under Delaware law with respect to the corporation and its stockholders, and (G) any other information relating to the nominee that would be required to be disclosed about such nominee if proxies were being solicited for the election of the nominee as a director, or that is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto (the "1934 Act") (including without limitation the nominee's written consent to being named in the proxy statement, if any, as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected); and

(2) as to such stockholder giving notice, (A) the information required to be provided pursuant to clauses (2) through (5) of Section  $12(\underline{a})$  ( $\underline{i}\underline{i}$ ) above, and the supplement referenced in the second sentence of Section  $12(\underline{a})(\underline{i}\underline{i})$  above (except that the references to "business" in such clauses shall instead refer to nominations of directors for purposes of this paragraph), and (B) a statement whether either such stockholder or Stockholder Associated Person will deliver a proxy statement and form of proxy to holders of a number of the corporation's voting shares reasonably believed by such stockholder or Stockholder Associated Person to be necessary to elect such nominee(s) (such information provided and statements made as required by this Section  $12(\underline{b})(\underline{i}\underline{i})$ , a "Nominee Solicitation Statement").

(iii) At the request of the Board, any person nominated by a stockholder for election as a director must furnish to the secretary of the corporation (1) that information required to be set forth in the stockholder's notice of nomination of such person as a director as of a date subsequent to the date on which the notice of such person's nomination was given and (2) such other information as may reasonably be required by the corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as an independent director of the corporation or that could be material to a reasonable stockholder's understanding of the independence, or lack thereof, of such nominee; in the absence of the furnishing of such information if requested, such stockholder's nomination shall not be considered in proper form pursuant to this <u>Section 12(b)</u>.

(iv) Without exception, no person shall be eligible for election or re-election as a director of the corporation at an annual meeting of stockholders unless nominated in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Section 12(b). In addition, a nominee shall not be eligible for election or re-election if a stockholder or Stockholder Associated Person, as applicable, takes action contrary to the representations made in the Nominee Solicitation Statement applicable to such nominee or if the Nominee Solicitation Statement applicable to such nominee contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading. The chairperson of the annual meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare at the annual meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the provisions prescribed by these bylaws, and if the chairperson should so determine, he or she shall so declare at the annual meeting, and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.

(c) Advance Notice of Director Nominations for Special Meetings.

(i) For a special meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected pursuant to Section 2, nominations of persons for election to the Board shall be made only (1) by or at the direction of the Board or (2) by any stockholder of the corporation who (A) is a stockholder of record at the time of the giving of the notice required by this Section 12(c) and on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the special meeting and (B) delivers a timely written notice of the nomination to the secretary of the corporation that includes the information set forth in Sections 12(b)(ii) and (b)(iii) above. To be timely, such notice must be received by the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation 90 days prior to the meeting; provided, however, that in the event that less than 100 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the tenth day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made. A person shall not be eligible for election or re-election as a director at a special meeting unless the person is

nominated (i) by or at the direction of the Board or (ii) by a stockholder in accordance with the notice procedures set forth in this <u>Section 12(c)</u>. In addition, a nominee shall not be eligible for election or re-election if a stockholder or Stockholder Associated Person, as applicable, takes action contrary to the representations made in the Nominee Solicitation Statement applicable to such nominee contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading.

- (ii) The chairperson of the special meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare at the meeting that a nomination or business was not made in accordance with the procedures prescribed by these bylaws, and if the chairperson should so determine, he or she shall so declare at the meeting, and the defective nomination or business shall be disregarded.
- (d) Other Requirements and Rights. In addition to the foregoing provisions of this Section 12, a stockholder must also comply with all applicable requirements of state law and of the 1934 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 12, including, with respect to business such stockholder intends to bring before the annual meeting that involves a proposal that such stockholder requests to be included in the corporation's proxy statement, the requirements of Rule 14a-8 (or any successor provision) under the 1934 Act. Nothing in this Section 12 shall be deemed to affect any right of the corporation to omit a proposal from the corporation's proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 (or any successor provision) under the 1934 Act.

## ARTICLE III BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. General Powers. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors.

<u>Section 2</u>. Number. The number of directors which shall constitute the Board of Directors shall be not less than nine (9) nor more than thirteen (13), as set from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors or the stockholders.

Section 3. Election of Directors and Term of Office. Except as provided in Section 5 of this Article, each director shall be elected by the vote of a majority of the votes cast with respect to the director at any meeting for the election of directors at which a quorum is present, *provided*, *however*, that at a contested election meeting, directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the holders of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the election of directors. For purposes of this section, a majority of the votes cast means that the number of shares voted "for" a director must exceed the number of votes cast "against" that director. For purposes of this section, a "contested election meeting" is any meeting of stockholders for which (a) the secretary of the corporation receives a notice that a stockholder has nominated a person for election to the Board of Directors in compliance with the advance notice requirements for stockholder nominees for director set forth in Section 12 of Article II herein, and (b) such nomination has not been withdrawn by such stockholder on or prior to the tenth day preceding the date the corporation first gives notice of such meeting to the stockholders, as required by Section 4 of Article II herein. The Board has established procedures under which any director who is not

elected shall offer to tender his or her resignation to the Board. The Corporate Governance/Nominating Committee will make a recommendation to the Board on whether to accept or reject the resignation. The Board will consider and act on the Corporate Governance/Nominating Committee's recommendation and publicly disclose its decision and the rationale behind it within 90 days from the date of the certification of the election results. At each annual meeting of the stockholders, the stockholders shall elect the successors of the directors whose terms expire at such meeting, to hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified at the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their earlier death, resignation or removal as herein or in the Certificate of Incorporation provided. The directors shall be elected in this manner, except as provided in Section 5 of this Article III and the Certificate of Incorporation.

Section 4. Removal and Resignation. Any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors. Whenever the holders of any class or series are entitled to elect one or more directors by the provisions of the corporation's certificate of incorporation, the provisions of this section shall apply, in respect to the removal without cause of a director or directors so elected, to the vote of the holders of the outstanding shares of that class or series and not to the vote of the outstanding shares as a whole. Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation.

Section 5. Vacancies. Vacancies resulting from newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the authorized number of directors and vacancies resulting from the death, resignation or removal of a director elected by (or appointed on behalf of) the holders of one or more class or classes or series of stock (as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation), voting together as a class, as the case may be, shall be filled by the vote of the majority of the directors (or the sole remaining director) elected by (or appointed on behalf of) such holders of one or more class or classes or series of stock (as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation) (or on whose behalf the director was appointed), as the case may be, whose death, resignation or removal created the vacancy, or to which the newly-created directorship has been allocated. Each director so chosen shall hold office until a successor is duly elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal as provided herein.

<u>Section 6</u>. <u>Annual Meetings</u>. The annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this by-law immediately after, and at the same place as, the annual meeting of stockholders, or with appropriate notice as soon thereafter as practicable.

Section 7. Other Meetings and Notice. Regular meetings, other than the annual meeting, of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and at such place as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer or any two directors on at least 48 hours notice to each director, either personally, by telephone, by mail, by telegraph or by electronic mail.

<u>Section 8</u>. <u>Quorum, Required Vote and Adjournment</u>. A majority of the total number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, the directors present

thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

Section 9. Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation, which to the extent provided in such resolution or these by-laws shall have and may exercise the powers of the Board of Directors in the management and affairs of the corporation except as otherwise limited by law. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and report the same to the Board of Directors when required.

Section 10. Committee Rules. Each committee of the Board of Directors may fix its own rules of procedure and shall hold its meetings as provided by such rules, except as may otherwise be provided by a resolution of the Board of Directors designating such committee. Unless otherwise provided in such a resolution, the presence of at least a majority of the members of the committee shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. In the event that a member and that member's alternate, if alternates are designated by the Board of Directors as provided in Section 9 of this Article III, of such committee is or are absent or disqualified, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not such member or members constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any such absent or disqualified member.

<u>Section 11</u>. <u>Communications Equipment</u>. Members of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may participate in and act at any meeting of such Board or committee through the use of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in the meeting pursuant to this section shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

Section 12. Waiver of Notice and Presumption of Assent. Any member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof who is present at a meeting shall be conclusively presumed to have waived notice of such meeting except when such member attends for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Such member shall be conclusively presumed to have assented to any action taken unless his or her dissent shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless his or her written dissent to such action shall be filed with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or shall be forwarded by registered mail to the secretary of the corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent shall not apply to any member who voted in favor of such action.

<u>Section 13</u>. <u>Action by Written Consent</u>. Unless otherwise restricted by the certificate of incorporation, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors, or of any committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing, and the writing or writings are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board or committee.

Section 14. Directors Emeritus. The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole Board, appoint a director or former director who has served the corporation with distinction as a Director Emeritus. Such appointment shall be for a term expiring at the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders but shall be subject to renewal, by the same vote, at the meeting of the Board immediately following the Annual Meeting. A Director Emeritus shall not be considered a member of the Board of Directors, but shall be a consultant to the Board and, in such capacity, shall be invited to attend all meetings of the Board and such meetings of the committees of the Board as the chairman of the board shall determine to be appropriate. For his or her services, a Director Emeritus shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for meetings actually attended as members of the Board of Directors, but shall not be entitled to receive any annual or other periodic fee or retainer paid to members of the Board.

<u>Section 15.</u> Chairman of the Board. The Board of Directors may elect from among its members a Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and directors.

#### ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

- <u>Section 1</u>. <u>Number</u>. The officers of the corporation shall be elected by the Board of Directors and shall consist of a chief executive officer, a president, one or more vice-presidents, a secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary or desirable by the Board of Directors. Any number of offices may be held by the same person. In its discretion, the Board of Directors may choose not to fill any office for any period as it may deem advisable, except that the offices of president and secretary shall be filled as expeditiously as possible.
- <u>Section 2</u>. <u>Election and Term of Office</u>. The officers of the corporation shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at its first meeting held after each annual meeting of stockholders or as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. Vacancies may be filled or new offices created and filled at any meeting of the Board of Directors. Each officer shall hold office until a successor is duly elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal as hereinafter provided.
- <u>Section 3</u>. <u>Removal</u>. Any officer or agent elected by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the corporation would be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed.
- <u>Section 4</u>. <u>Vacancies</u>. Any vacancy occurring in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise, may be filled by the Board of Directors.
- <u>Section 5</u>. <u>Compensation</u>. Compensation of all officers shall be fixed by the Board of Directors, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such compensation by virtue of his or her also being a director of the corporation.

Section 6. The Chief Executive Officer. The chief executive officer shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation; shall have general charge of the business, affairs and property of the corporation, and control over its officers, agents and employees; and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. The chief executive officer shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the corporation. The chief executive officer shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or as may be provided in these by-laws.

<u>Section 7</u>. The <u>President</u>. The president shall, in the absence or disability of the chief executive officer, act with all of the powers and be subject to all the restrictions of the chief executive officer. The president shall also perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or these by-laws may, from time to time, prescribe.

Section 8. Vice-presidents. The vice-president, or if there shall be more than one, the vice-presidents in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the chief executive officer and president, act with all of the powers and be subject to all the restrictions of the chief executive officer and president. The vice-presidents shall also perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or these by-laws may, from time to time, prescribe.

Section 9. The Secretary and Assistant Secretaries. The secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors, all meetings of the committees thereof and all meetings of the stockholders and record all the proceedings of the meetings in a book or books to be kept for that purpose. Under the chief executive's supervision, the secretary shall give, or cause to be given, all notices required to be given by these by-laws or by law; shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or these by-laws may, from time to time, prescribe; and shall have custody of the corporate seal of the corporation. The secretary, or an assistant secretary, shall have authority to affix the corporate seal to any instrument requiring it and when so affixed, it may be attested by his or her signature or by the signature of such assistant secretary. The Board of Directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the corporation and to attest the affixing by his or her signature. The assistant secretary, or if there be more than one, the assistant secretaries in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or secretary may, from time to time, prescribe.

Section 10. The Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer. The treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities; shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the corporation; shall deposit all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the corporation as may be ordered by the Board of Directors; shall cause the funds of the corporation to be disbursed when such disbursements have been duly authorized, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements; and shall render to the chief executive officer and the Board of Directors, at its regular meeting or when the Board of Directors so requires,

an account of the corporation; shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or these by-laws may, from time to time, prescribe. If required by the Board of Directors, the treasurer shall give the corporation a bond (which shall be rendered every six years) in such sums and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of the office of treasurer and for the restoration to the corporation, in case of death, resignation, retirement, or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money, and other property of whatever kind in the possession or under the control of the treasurer belonging to the corporation. The assistant treasurer, or if there shall be more than one, the assistant treasurers in the order determined by the Board of Directors, shall in the absence or disability of the treasurer perform the duties and exercise the powers of the treasurer. The assistant treasurers shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer or treasurer may, from time to time, prescribe.

<u>Section 11</u>. <u>Other Officers, Assistant Officers and Agents</u>. Officers, assistant officers and agents, if any, other than those whose duties are provided for in these by-laws, shall have such authority and perform such duties as may from time to time be prescribed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Section 12. Absence or Disability of Officers. In the case of the absence or disability of any officer of the corporation and of any person hereby authorized to act in such officer's place during such officer's absence or disability, the Board of Directors may by resolution delegate the powers and duties of such officer to any other officer or to any other person whom it may select.

## ARTICLE IV-A APPOINTED OFFICERS

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Appointment of Officers</u>. The Board of Directors may authorize the chief executive officer to appoint such other vice presidents and other officers as the business of the corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority and perform such duties as are provided in the bylaws or as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine (or, in the absence of such determination by the Board of Directors, as the chief executive officer from time to time determines).

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Removal</u>. Any officer appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 may be removed by the Board of Directors or by the chief executive officer (if appointed by such person) whenever in his or her judgment the best interest of the corporation would be served thereby, provided that such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any of the persons so removed.

<u>Section 3</u>. <u>Appointment Officers and Deemed Elected Officers</u>. Officers appointed pursuant to Section 1 hereof shall not be deemed to be elected officers of the corporation, and in particular but without limitation shall not be deemed to be executive officers of the corporation for the purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor statute.

## ARTICLE V INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS AND OTHERS

Section 1. Nature of Indemnity. Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person of whom he or she is the representative, is or was a director or officer of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee, fiduciary or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent which it is empowered to do so unless prohibited from doing so by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment) against all expense, liability and loss including attorneys' fees actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such proceeding, and such indemnification shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that, except as provided in Section 2 hereof, the corporation shall indemnify any such person seeking indemnification conferred in this Article V shall be a contract right and, subject to sections 2 and 5 hereof, shall include the right to be paid by the corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition. The corporation may, by action of directors and officers.

Section 2. Procedure for Indemnification of Directors and Officers. Any indemnification of a director or officer of the corporation under Section 1 of this Article V or advance of expenses under Section 5 of this Article V shall be made promptly, and in any event within 30 days, upon the written request of the director or officer. If a determination by the corporation that the director or officer is entitled to indemnification pursuant to this Article V is required, and the corporation fails to respond within 60 days to a written request for indemnity, the corporation shall be deemed to have approved the request. If the corporation denies a written request for indemnification or advancing of expenses, in whole or in part, or if payment in full pursuant to such request is not made within 60 days, the right to indemnification or advances as granted by this Article V shall be enforceable by the director or officer in any court of competent jurisdiction. Such person's costs and expenses incurred in connection with successfully establishing his or her right to indemnification, in whole or in part, in any such action shall also be indemnified by the corporation. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where the required undertaking, if any, has been tendered to the corporation) that the claimant has not met the standards of conduct which make it permissible under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware for the corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, nor an actual determination by the corporation (including its Board of Directors,

independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct.

<u>Section 3</u>. <u>Article Not Exclusive</u>. The rights to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this Article V shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the certificate of incorporation, by-law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Section 4. Insurance. The corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on its own behalf and on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee, fiduciary, or agent of the corporation or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in any such capacity, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under this Article V.

Section 5. Expenses incurred by any person described in Section 1 of this Article V in defending a proceeding shall be paid by the corporation in advance of such proceeding's final disposition unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors in the specific case, upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is not entitled to be indemnified by the corporation. Such expenses incurred by other employees and agents may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the Board of Directors deems appropriate.

<u>Section 6</u>. <u>Employees and Agents</u>. Persons who are not covered by the foregoing provisions of this Article V and who are or were employees or agents of the corporation, or who are or were serving at the request of the corporation as employees or agents of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, may be indemnified to the extent authorized at any time or from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. Contract Rights. The provisions of this Article V shall be deemed to be a contract right between the corporation and each director or officer who serves in any such capacity at any time while this Article V and the relevant provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or other applicable law are in effect, and any repeal or modification of this Article V or any such law shall not affect any rights or obligations then existing with respect to any state of facts or proceeding then existing.

Section 8. Merger or Consolidation. For purposes of this Article V, references to "the corporation" shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, and employees or agents, so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under this Article V with respect to

the resulting or surviving corporation as he or she would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

#### ARTICLE VI STOCK AND STOCK CERTIFICATES

Section 1. Form. The capital stock of the corporation shall be represented by certificates; provided that the Board of Directors may provide by resolution or resolutions that some or all of any or all classes of stock of the corporation shall be uncertificated shares. Any such resolution shall not apply to shares represented by a certificate until such certificate is surrendered to the corporation. Except as otherwise provided by law, the rights and obligations of the holders of uncertificated shares and the rights and obligations of the holders of certificated shares of the same class and series shall be identical. Every holder of stock in the corporation represented by certificates shall be entitled to have a certificate, signed by, or in the name of the corporation by the president or a vice-president and the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, certifying the number of shares registered in certificate form. If such a certificate is countersigned (1) by a transfer agent or an assistant transfer agent other than the corporation or its employee or (2) by a registrar, other than the corporation or its employee, the signature of any such president, vice-president, secretary, or assistant secretary may be facsimiles. In case any officer or officers who have signed, or whose facsimile signature or signatures have been used on, any such certificate or certificates shall cease to be such officer or officers of the corporation whether because of death, resignation or otherwise before such certificate or certificates have been delivered by the corporation, such certificate or certificates may nevertheless be issued and delivered as though the person or persons who signed such certificate or certificates or whose facsimile signature or signatures have been used thereon had not ceased to be such officer or officers of the corporation. Share certificates shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall exhibit the name of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the books of the corporation. Shares of stock of the corporation shall only be transferred on the books of the corporation by the holder of record thereof or by such holder's attorney duly authorized in writing and, if such stock is certificated, upon surrender to the corporation of the certificate or certificates for such shares endorsed by the appropriate person or persons, with such evidence of the authenticity of such endorsement, transfer, authorization, and other matters as the corporation may reasonably require, and accompanied by all necessary stock transfer stamps. In that event, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate or certificates, and record the transaction on its books. Upon receipt of proper transfer instructions from the holder of uncertificated shares, the corporation shall cancel such uncertificated shares and issue new equivalent uncertificated shares, or, upon such holder's request, certificated shares, to the person entitled thereto, and record the transaction upon its books. The Board of Directors may appoint a bank or trust company organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof to act as its transfer agent or registrar, or both in connection with the transfer of any class or series of securities of the corporation.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Lost Certificates</u>. The Board of Directors may direct a new certificate or certificates to be issued in place of any certificate or certificates previously issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the person claiming the certificate of stock to be lost, stolen, or destroyed. When authorizing such issue of a new certificate or certificates, the Board of Directors may, in its discretion and as a condition

precedent to the issuance thereof, require the owner of such lost, stolen, or destroyed certificate or certificates, or his or her legal representative, to give the corporation a bond sufficient to indemnify the corporation against any claim that may be made against the corporation on account of the loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of such new certificate.

Section 3. Fixing a Record Date for Stockholder Meetings. In order that the corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors, and which record date shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting. If no record date is fixed by the Board of Directors, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be the close of business on the next day preceding the day on which notice is given, or if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

Section 4. Fixing a Record Date for Action by Written Consent. In order that the corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors, and which date shall not be more than ten (10) days after the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors. If no record date has been fixed by the Board of Directors, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board of Directors is required by statute, shall be the first date on which a signed written consent setting forth the action taken or proposed to be taken is delivered to the corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to the corporation's registered office shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. If no record date has been fixed by the Board of Directors and prior action by the Board of Directors is required by statute, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution taking such prior action.

Section 5. Fixing a Record Date for Other Purposes. In order that the corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment or any rights or the stockholders entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purposes of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted, and which record date shall be not more than sixty (60) days prior to such action. If no record date is fixed, the record date for determining stockholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

Section 6. Registered Stockholders. Prior to (i) the surrender to the corporation of the certificate or certificates for a share or shares of stock with a request to record the transfer of such share or shares or (ii) the receipt of proper transfer instructions from the holder of uncertificated shares, the corporation may treat the registered owner as the person entitled to receive dividends, to vote, to receive notifications, and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of an owner. The corporation shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof.

<u>Section 7</u>. <u>Subscriptions for Stock</u>. Unless otherwise provided for in the subscription agreement, subscriptions for shares shall be paid in full at such time, or in such installments and at such times, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Any call made by the Board of Directors for payment on subscriptions shall be uniform as to all shares of the same class or as to all shares of the same series. In case of default in the payment of any installment or call when such payment is due, the corporation may proceed to collect the amount due in the same manner as any debt due the corporation.

## ARTICLE VII GENERAL PROVISIONS

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Dividends</u>. Dividends upon the capital stock of the corporation, subject to the provisions of the certificate of incorporation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting, pursuant to law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property or in shares of the capital stock, subject to the provisions of the certificate of incorporation. Before payment of any dividend, there may be set aside out of any funds of the corporation available for dividends such sum or sums as the directors from time to time, in their absolute discretion, think proper as a reserve or reserves to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the corporation, or any other purpose, and the directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Checks, Drafts or Orders</u>. All checks, drafts, or other orders for the payment of money by or to the corporation and all notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the corporation, and in such manner, as shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof.

<u>Section 3</u>. <u>Contracts</u>. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, or any agent or agents, of the corporation to enter into any contract or to execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Section 4. <u>Loans</u>. The corporation may lend money to, or guarantee any obligation of, or otherwise assist any officer or other employee of the corporation or of its subsidiary, including any officer or employee who is a director of the corporation or its subsidiary, whenever, in the judgment of the directors such loan, guaranty or assistance may reasonably be expected to benefit the corporation. The loan, guaranty or other assistance may be with or without interest and may be unsecured or secured in such manner as the Board of Directors shall approve, including without

limitation a pledge of shares of stock of the corporation. Nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to deny, limit or restrict the powers of guaranty or warranty of the corporation at common law or under any statute.

Section 5. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

<u>Section 6</u>. <u>Corporate Seal</u>. The Board of Directors shall provide a corporate seal which shall be in the form of a circle and shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation and the words "Corporate Seal, Delaware". The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise.

<u>Section 7</u>. <u>Voting Securities Owned by Corporation</u>. Voting securities in any other corporation held by the corporation shall be voted by the president, unless the Board of Directors specifically confers authority to vote with respect thereto, which authority may be general or confined to specific instances, upon some other person or officer. Any person authorized to vote securities shall have the power to appoint proxies, with general power of substitution.

Section 8. Inspection of Books and Records. Any stockholder of record, in person or by attorney or other agent, shall, upon written demand under oath stating the purpose thereof, have the right during the usual hours for business to inspect for any proper purpose the corporation's stock ledger, a list of its stockholders, and its other books and records, and to make copies or extracts therefrom. A proper purpose shall mean any purpose reasonably related to such person's interest as a stockholder. In every instance where an attorney or other agent shall be the person who seeks the right to inspection, the demand under oath shall be accompanied by a power of attorney or such other writing which authorizes the attorney or other agent to so act on behalf of the stockholder. The demand under oath shall be directed to the corporation at its registered office in the State of Delaware or at its principal place of business.

<u>Section 9</u>. <u>Section Headings</u>. Section headings in these by-laws are for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect in limiting or otherwise construing any provision herein.

<u>Section 10</u>. <u>Inconsistent Provisions</u>. In the event that any provision of these by-laws is or becomes inconsistent with any provision of the certificate of incorporation, the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or any other applicable law, the provision of these by-laws shall not be given any effect to the extent of such inconsistency but shall otherwise be given full force and effect.

## ARTICLE VIII AMENDMENTS

These by-laws may be amended, altered, or repealed and new by-laws adopted at any meeting of the Board of Directors by a majority vote. The fact that the power to adopt, amend, alter, or repeal the by-laws has been conferred upon the Board of Directors shall not divest the stockholders of the same powers.

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# Gartner

## Press Release

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Gartner Reports Financial Results for Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2011

Contract Value \$1,116 Million, Highest in Gartner's History, Up 14% YoY

Full Year 2011 Diluted Earnings per Share \$1.39, Up 45% YoY

Full Year 2011 Free Cash Flow \$213.6 Million, Up 11% YoY

STAMFORD, Conn., February 7, 2012 — Gartner, Inc. (NYSE: IT), the leading provider of research and analysis on the global information technology industry, today reported results for fourth quarter and full year 2011, and provided its preliminary financial outlook for full year 2012.

For fourth quarter 2011, total revenue was \$427.7 million, up 12% year-over-year. Foreign exchange had only a negligible impact. Net income increased 23% while Normalized EBITDA increased 17% to \$84.8 million (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of Normalized EBITDA). Diluted earnings per share was \$0.46 in fourth quarter 2011 compared to \$0.37 for fourth quarter 2010. Diluted earnings for fourth quarter 2010 included acquisition related charges, net of tax, of \$(0.02) per share compared to zero in the fourth quarter of 2011.

For full year 2011, total revenue was \$1,468.6 million, an increase of 14%, and net income was \$136.9 million. Total revenue increased 11% year-over-year excluding the foreign exchange impact. Normalized EBITDA was \$279.4 million, an increase of 21% over 2010. Diluted earnings per share was \$1.39 compared to \$0.96 in 2010. Diluted earnings per share for 2011 included acquisition-related charges, net of tax, of \$(0.04) per share compared to \$(0.14) in 2010. Free Cash Flow was \$213.6 million in 2011, an increase of 11% over 2010 (see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of Free Cash Flow).

Gene Hall, Gartner's chief executive officer, commented, "We achieved record levels of new business and contract value, maintained strong client and wallet retention, and many of our other key business metrics continued their strong performance during the fourth quarter. We delivered double-digit revenue, Normalized EBITDA, EPS, and operating cash flow growth for the full year 2011. As we look ahead to 2012, we are excited about the opportunity we see in the market, and we expect to deliver another year of double-digit growth as measured by our key business metrics."

#### **Business Segment Highlights**

#### Research

Revenue for fourth quarter 2011 was \$262.6 million, up 14% over the fourth quarter of 2010 excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin improved 2 percentage points to 67%. For full year 2011, revenue was \$1,012.1 million, up 14% year-over-year excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin increased 2 points year-over-year, to 67%.

-more-

Contract value was \$1,116 million at December 31, 2011, up 14% compared to December 31, 2010 and the highest reported contract value in Gartner's history. Foreign exchange had a negligible impact on contract value. Client and wallet retention rates for fourth quarter 2011 were 82% and 99%, respectively, compared to 83% and 98% in fourth quarter 2010.

#### Consulting

Revenue for fourth quarter 2011 was \$88.6 million, a decline of 1% over fourth quarter 2010 excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin was 41%. For full year 2011, revenue was \$308.0 million, a decline of 1% year-over-year excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin for full year 2011 was 37%.

Fourth quarter 2011 utilization was 68% and billable headcount was 481. Backlog was \$100.6 million at December 31, 2011.

#### **Events**

Revenue for fourth quarter 2011 was \$76.4 million, up 23% compared to fourth quarter 2010 excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin was 49%. For full year 2011, revenue was \$148.5 million, up 21% compared to 2010 excluding the impact of foreign exchange. Gross contribution margin for full year 2011 was 45%.

During fourth quarter 2011, the Company held 12 events with 20,500 attendees. During full year 2011, the Company held 60 events with 42,748 attendees.

#### **Cash Flow and Balance Sheet Highlights**

Gartner generated operating cash of \$79.1 million during fourth quarter 2011 and \$255.6 million for full year 2011. Additions to property, equipment and leasehold improvements ("Capital Expenditures") were \$18.2 million in fourth quarter 2011 and \$42.0 million for full year 2011. Free Cash Flow for full year 2011 was \$213.6 million, an increase of 11% over 2010. (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of Free Cash Flow).

The Company had \$142.7 million of cash at December 31, 2011 and almost \$377.0 million of borrowing capacity on its revolving credit arrangement. During 2011, the Company deployed its free cash flow principally to repurchase 5.9 million of its common shares. The Company's remaining share repurchase authorization is \$293.0 million as of December 31, 2011. As of December 31, 2011, the Company had total debt of \$200.0 million compared to \$220.2 million at year-end 2010.

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#### **Preliminary Financial Outlook for 2012**

Gartner also provided its preliminary financial outlook for 2012:

#### Projected Revenue

(\$ in millions)	2012 Projected	% Change
Research	\$1,130 - 1,150	12% – 14%
Consulting	310 – 330	1% - 7%
Events	160 – 170	8% - 14%
Total Revenue	\$1,600 - 1,650	9% - 12%

#### Projected Earnings and Cash Flow

(\$ in millions, except per share data)	2012 Projected	% Change
Diluted Earnings Per Share  Normalized EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 1.63 - \$1.79 \$ 315 - \$ 335	17% – 29% 13% – 20%
Operating Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 285 - 305	12% – 19%
Capital Expenditures <sup>(2)</sup>	(46) – (48)	
Free Cash Flow (1)	\$ 239 - 257	12% – 20%

- (1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for a discussion of Normalized EBITDA and Free Cash Flow.
- (2) Capital expenditures includes approximately \$16.0 million of estimated payments we will make for the renovation of our Stamford headquarters facility, which are contractually reimbursable from the landlord. The accounting impact of these renovation payments increases both cash flow from operations and capital expenditures (investing activities) by the same amount and as a result has no net impact on Free Cash Flow.

#### Conference Call and Investor Day Information

Gartner has scheduled a conference call at 8:30 a.m. eastern time on Tuesday, February 7, 2012 to discuss the Company's financial results. The conference call will be available via the Internet by accessing the Company's website at http://investor.gartner.com or by dial-in. The U.S. dial-in number is 888-680-0878 and the international dial-in number is 617-213-4855 and the participant passcode is 67418089. The question and answer session of the conference call will be open to investors and analysts only. A replay of the webcast will be available for approximately 90 days following the call.

The Company will also host an Investor Day for institutional investors and sell-side analysts beginning at 8:00 a.m. eastern time on Thursday, February 16, 2012 in New York City. The Investor Day is by invitation and registration is required. Analysts and investors interested in attending should contact our Investors Relations department prior to February 16. It will also be webcast live via the Internet on the Company's web site at http://investor.gartner.com and a replay will be available following the event.

#### **Annual Meeting of Stockholders**

Gartner will hold its 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders at 10:00 a.m. eastern time on Thursday, June 7, 2012, at the Company's offices in Stamford, Connecticut.

### **About Gartner**

Gartner, Inc. (NYSE: IT) is the world's leading information technology research and advisory company. Gartner delivers the technology-related insight necessary for its clients to make the right decisions, every day. From CIOs and senior IT leaders in corporations and government agencies, to business leaders in

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high-tech and telecom enterprises and professional services firms, to technology investors, Gartner is a valuable partner to clients in over 12,400 distinct organizations. Through the resources of Gartner Research, Gartner Consulting and Gartner Events, Gartner works with every client to research, analyze and interpret the business of IT within the context of their individual role. Founded in 1979, Gartner is headquartered in Stamford, Connecticut, U.S.A., and has 4,975 associates, including 1,295 research analysts and consultants, and clients in 85 countries. For more information, visit www.gartner.com.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

Normalized EBITDA: Represents operating income excluding depreciation, accretion on obligations related to excess facilities, amortization, stock-based compensation expense, and acquisition-related charges. We believe Normalized EBITDA is an important measure of our recurring operations as it excludes items that may not be indicative of our core operating results. Investors are cautioned that Normalized EBITDA is not a financial measure defined under generally accepted accounting principles and as a result is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. We provide this measure to enhance the user's overall understanding of the Company's current financial performance and the Company's prospects for the future. It should not be construed as an alternative to any other measure of performance determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Free Cash Flow</u>: Represents cash provided by operating activities plus cash acquisition and integration payments less additions to property, equipment and leasehold improvements ("Capital Expenditures"). We believe that Free Cash Flow is an important measure of the recurring cash generated by the Company's core operations that is available to be used to repurchase stock, repay debt obligations and invest in future growth through new business development activities or acquisitions.

#### Safe Harbor Statement

Statements contained in this press release regarding the Company's growth and prospects, projected 2011 financial results and all other statements in this release other than recitation of historical facts are forward-looking statements (as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995). Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following: our ability to maintain and expand our products and services; our ability to expand or retain our customer base; our ability to grow or sustain revenue from individual customers; our ability to attract and retain a professional staff of research analysts and consultants as well as experienced sales personnel upon whom we are dependent; our ability to achieve and effectively manage growth, including our ability to integrate acquisitions and consummate future acquisitions; our ability to pay our debt; our ability to achieve continued customer renewals and achieve new contract value, backlog and deferred revenue growth in light of competitive pressures; our ability to carry out our strategic initiatives and manage associated costs; our ability to successfully compete with existing competitors and potential new competitors; our ability to enforce or protect our intellectual property rights; additional risks associated with international operations including foreign currency fluctuations; the impact of restructuring and other charges on our businesses and operations; general economic conditions; risks associated with the creditworthiness and budget cuts of governments and agencies; and other factors described under "Risk Factors" contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 which can be found on Gartner's website at www.investor.gartner.com and the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Forward-looking statements included herein speak only as of the date hereof and Gartner disclaims any obligation to revise or update such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or circumstances.

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**GARTNER, INC.**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share amounts)

		Three Mor Decem	nths Ended nber 31,			Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
		2011		2010			2011		2010	
Revenues:										
Research	\$	262,633	\$	230,552	14%	\$	1,012,062	\$	865,000	17%
Consulting		88,640		89,321	-1%		308,047		302,117	2%
Events		76,421		62,431	22%	_	148,479		121,337	22%
Total revenues		427,694		382,304	12%		1,468,588		1,288,454	14%
Costs and expenses:										
Cost of services and product development		180,282		164,959	9%		608,755		552,238	10%
Selling, general and administrative		170,816		154,796	10%		613,707		543,174	13%
Depreciation		6,396		6,131	4%		25,539		25,349	1%
Amortization of intangibles		737		2,531	-71%		6,525		10,525	-38%
Acquisition and integration charges		_		813	-100%		_		7,903	-100%
Total costs and expenses		358,231		329,230	9%		1,254,526		1,139,189	10%
Operating income		69,463		53,074	31%		214,062		149,265	43%
Interest expense, net		(2,104)		(6,047)	>-100%		(9,967)		(15,616)	-36%
Other (expense) income, net		(417)		(300)	39%		(1,911)		436	>100%
Income before income taxes		66,942		46,727	43%		202,184		134,085	51%
Provision for income taxes		21,918		10,033	>100%		65,282		37,800	73%
110 (10) and an ancome tunes	_		_		10070	_		_		7370
Net income	\$	45,024	\$	36,694	23%	\$	136,902	\$	96,285	42%
Income per common share:										
Basic:	\$	0.48	\$	0.38	26%	\$	1.43	\$	1.01	42%
Diluted:	\$	0.46	\$	0.37	24%	\$	1.39	\$	0.96	45%
Weighted average shares outstanding:										
Basic		94,691		95,895	-1%		96,019		95,747	0%
Diluted		97,037		99,567	-3%		98,846		99,834	-1%

### BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA

(Dollars in thousands)

	F	Revenue	Direct Expense				Contribution Margin
Three Months Ended 12/31/11							
Research	\$	262,633	\$	86,917	\$	175,716	67%
Consulting		88,640		52,623		36,017	41%
Events		76,421		38,689		37,732	49%
TOTAL	\$	427,694	\$	178,229	\$	249,465	58%
Three Months Ended 12/31/10							
Research	\$	230,552	\$	81,333	\$	149,219	65%
Consulting		89,321		51,658		37,663	42%
Events		62,431		29,234		33,197	53%
TOTAL	\$	382,304	\$	162,225	\$	220,079	58%
Twelve Months Ended 12/31/11							
Research	\$	1,012,062	\$	329,926	\$	682,136	67%
Consulting		308,047		193,209		114,838	37%
Events		148,479		82,214		66,265	45%
TOTAL	\$	1,468,588	\$	605,349	\$	863,239	59%
Twelve Months Ended 12/31/10							
Research	\$	865,000	\$	300,473	\$	564,527	65%
Consulting		302,117		180,232		121,885	40%
Events		121,337		65,453		55,884	46%
TOTAL	\$	1,288,454	\$	546,158	\$	742,296	58%

## SELECTED STATISTICAL DATA

	Dec	cember 31, 2011	December 31, 2010		
Research contract value	\$	1,115,801(a)	\$	977,710(a)	
Research client retention		82%		83%	
Research wallet retention		99%		98%	
Research client organizations		12,427		11,601	
Consulting backlog	\$	100,564(a)	\$	100,839(a)	
Consulting—quarterly utilization		68%		66%	
Consulting billable headcount		481		473	
Consulting—average annualized revenue per billable					
headcount	\$	454(a)	\$	419(a)	
Events—number of events for the quarter		12		12	
Events—attendees for the quarter		20,500		18,194	

<sup>(</sup>a) Dollars in thousands.

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (in thousands, except per share amounts)

#### Reconciliation - Operating income to Normalized EBITDA (a):

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
	2011		2010		2011		2010	
Net income	\$ 45,024	\$	36,694	\$	136,902	\$	96,285	
Interest expense, net	2,104		6,047		9,967		15,616	
Other expense (income), net	417		300		1,911		(436)	
Tax provision	 21,918		10,033		65,282		37,800	
Operating income	\$ 69,463	\$	53,074	\$	214,062	\$	149,265	
Normalizing adjustments:								
Stock-based compensation expense (b)	8,114		9,336		32,864		32,634	
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization (c)	7,193		8,777		32,329		36,475	
Pre-acquisition deferred revenue (d)	42		522		193		4,095	
Acquisition and integration charges (e)	 		813		<u> </u>		7,903	
Normalized EBITDA	\$ 84,812	\$	72,522	\$	279,448	\$	230,372	

- (a) Normalized EBITDA is based on GAAP operating income adjusted for certain normalizing adjustments.
- (b) Consists of charges for stock-based compensation awards.
- (c) Includes charges for amortization of intangibles related to AMR Research and Burton Group of \$0.7 million and \$2.5 million for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$6.5 million and \$10.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (d) Consists of non-cash fair value adjustments on pre-acquisition AMR Research and Burton Group deferred revenue. These amounts were amortized ratably over the life of the underlying contract.
- (e) Includes non-recurring cash charges incurred to acquire and integrate the acquisitions of AMR Research and Burton Group, such as legal, consulting, severance, and other costs.

## Selected Balance Sheet Data

(unaudited and preliminary)

#### December 31,

	 2011	 2010
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,739	\$ 120,181
Fees receivable, net	421,033	364,818
Total assets	1,379,872	1,285,658
Deferred revenues	611,647	523,263
Total current and long-term debt	200,000	220,156
Total liabilities	1,198,088	1,098,602
Total stockholders' equity	181,784	187,056

#### Selected Cash Flow Data

(unaudited and preliminary)

## Twelve Months Ended December 31,

	 2011			2010
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 255,566		\$	205,499
Cash paid for capital expenditures	41,954	(a)		21,694
Cash paid for treasury stock	211,986			99,820
Cash payments on debt, net	20,156			113,627

<sup>(</sup>a) 2011 includes \$9.5 million of expenditures related to the rennovation of our Stamford headquarters facility. These amounts are reimbursable by our landlord.

### Reconciliation - Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow (a):

(unaudited and preliminary)

## Twelve Months Ended December 31,

			2010	
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	255,566	\$	205,499
Adjustments:				
Cash acquisition and integration payments		_		8,003
Cash paid for capital expenditures		(41,954)		(21,694)
Free Cash Flow	\$	213,612	\$	191,808
TICE Gush Flow	Ψ	210,012	Ψ	131,000

(a) Free cash flow is based on cash provided by operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP plus cash acquisition and integration payments less additions to capital expenditures.